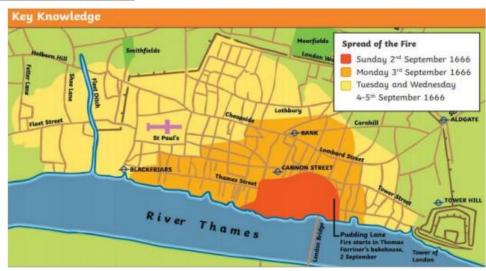
Knowledge Organiser Year 2 History: Great Fire of London:

Concept: Cause and Effect

Key Vocabulary		
bakery	A place where bread and cakes are made and sold.	
St Paul's Cathedral	A very large church in London. A new St Paul's cathedral was built after the Great Fire of London.	
diary	A book that people write about their lives in.	
firebreak	A gap that stops a fire spreading to nearby buildings.	
Lord Mayor	The head of a large city.	

The fire started in a bakery on **Pudding Lane**. It killed **6 people** and lasted for **four days**.





	61	

Wednesday 5th September 1666
The fire starts to burn more slowly as the wind dies down.

Thursday 6th September 1666
The fire is finally under control and put out. People are left homeless.

Knowledge Organiser Year 2 Science: Plants

Key Vocabulary		
plant	Plants are a large group of living things that use sunlight to make their own food.	
germination	It is the name for when a plant starts to grow.	
sprout	Starts to grow visible shoots	
embryo	A baby plant	
seed coat	A tough layer on the outside to protect the plant	
food store	A store of food to help them continue growing	
nutrient	A substance that provides nourishment for growth	

Concept: Evolution Ecosystems

What Plants Need to Grow

Water and Nutrients

-Plants get water from the soil through their roots.



<u>Light</u>

-Plants do not eat food.

They instead use sunlight to make their own food.

-They can also catch water on their leaves.

Temperature

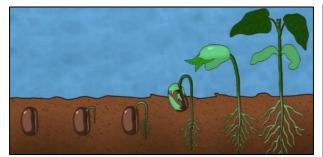
-Plants need the temperature to be just right for them to grow properly.

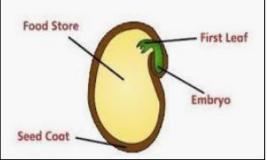
Space and Time

- -Plants need room for their roots and stems to be able to grow.
- -It can take days, months or even years for them to grow.

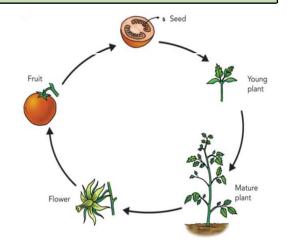


Growth from Seeds/Bulbs into Mature Plants





Plant Life Cycle



RE Knowledge Organiser Year 2: Why does Easter matter to Christians?

Concept – Ultimate questions (RE3) Cornwall Agreed Syllabus: making connections



Key Vocabulary

Mary Magdalene –follower of Jesus

Crucifixion – an ancient form of execution

Disciples –personal follower of Jesus

Salvation – means being saved from harm

Resurrection- the rising of Jesus

Good Friday -Christian holiday commemorated during Holy week

Easter Sunday- commemorated as the day Jesus rose from the dead.

The empty cross – Jesus did not stay on the cross

Purple – royalty – the Son of God who died on the Cross.

Lilies - the pure new life that comes to them through the Resurrection of Jesus.





Palm Crosses







Tomb

33 years timeline

Christmas

Easter

Salvation

incarnation

Knowledge Organiser Design Technology Year 2: The Great Fire of London

Concept: Design, make and evaluate

Key Vocabulary		
construct	Means to build, make, form, assemble, set up or put up something	
structure	Construct or arrange according to a plan	
build	Construct something by putting parts or materials together over a period of time	
technique	Is a way of carrying out a particular task	
design	(verb) Decide upon a look and function of a building (or other object) by making a detailed drawing of it	
sculpt	Create or represent something by carving, casting or other shaping techniques	
evaluate	(verb) Form an idea based on the findings and how something has performed	
lever	A simple machine where you place a long bar onto a pivot point. You apply force in one direction and the pivot point re-directs the force in another direction.	
slides	To move or cause to something to move smoothly along a surface in continual contact with it	
axle	A bar or shaft on which a wheel or wheels turn	
architect	A person who designs buildings and also supervises their construction	

The Great Fire of London.

In 1666, a devastating fire swept through London, destroying 13,200 houses, 87 parish churches, The Royal Exchange, Guildhall and St. Paul's Cathedral.







St Paul's
Cathedral (old)

St Paul's Cathedral as it stands today

Sir Christopher Wren

One of the most highly acclaimed architect in history.

He was responsible for rebuilding 52 churches in the City of London after the Great Fire of London in 1666, including the masterpiece St Paul's Cathedral, completed in 1710.





